

CROSS IN HAND RUGBY

LEVELS AND VOLUMETRIC REVIEW

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INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Levels and Volumetric review has been prepared to support the preparation of an indicative masterplan to help promote the allocation of this site through a response to a call for sites. It has been commissioned by Nurton Developments (Lutterworth) Ltd.
- 1.2 The report reviews the proposed level changes onsite and the movement of material required to achieve the development plateaus and the SuDS required to support the development. It provides indicative Finished Floor Levels and estimates the impact in terms of cut and fill to achieve these proposed finished floor levels.
- 1.2 The site is 92.0 hectares in area and located in Warwickshire, approximately 4km west of Lutterworth. The site is bound by Coal Pit Lane to the North, and the Southeast boundary is made up of Lutterworth Road. Directly to the West of the site beyond the historically infilled railway line, is an area of land known as Newham Paddox.

SITE DESCRIPTION

Existing Site

1.3 The site is currently farmland. In recent history a section of the site along the Western edge, was traversed by a railway line which was infilled in the 1950's. To the North and East of the site is a well-established industrial development known as Magna Park.

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Figure 3-1 Existing site (Map data from Google Earth 2023)

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Existing Topography

1.4 The highest point of the site is located towards the Northeast boundary with an approximate elevation of 133m AOD. The levels generally fall in a Westerly direction to a minimum elevation of approximately 118.2m. A copy of the topographical survey is provided in Appendix A.

CUT AND FILL EXERCISE

- 1.5 Utilising Civils 3D software, SGi have created an indicative 3-dimensional model of the proposed site levels. The purpose of this exercise is to review the likely material movements both on and off the site and secondly the material movements within the confines of the site.
- 1.6 A drone based topographical survey was commissioned of the site and the results of the drone survey has been produced as a detailed topographical survey for the site. The results of the drone survey were verified onsite to ensure the accuracy of the base data.
- 1.7 The current design status is embryonic and as such assumptions have been made in relation to development construction thickness. Similarly, whilst a Phase I Geo Environmental Assessment is available, no intrusive investigation has been carried out to establish ground conditions. As such assumptions have been made in relation to Topsoil thickness. As this information becomes available the model will be adjusted.

TOPSOIL

1.8 As noted above there is no available intrusive investigation available for the site. Based on experience an assumption has been made that a 250mm layer of topsoil overlays the site. The assumed topsoil depth has been removed from the topographical survey and a volume of 188,625m³ of topsoil will be generated as part of this initial site strip. This topsoil will be carefully stored in accordance with the Landscape Architects specification for subsequent reuse onsite in landscape areas. Once a detailed Landscape Strategy is available a contour plan of the landscaped bunds can be created, however at this stage it is envisaged that all the topsoil can be utilised onsite.

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BUILDING FORMATION

- 1.9 Based on an assumed building and external works construction thickness of 500mm, plot formation plateaus have been created across each development plot. It is acknowledged that falls will be required in the final design, however for the current estimating exercise, the plots have been modelled at a single level.
- 1.10 The locations of the attenuation features have also been identified and the volumes of attenuation required to meet the SuDS requirement have been formed in the formation model.
- 1.11 This formation model has then been compared to the 'Stripped' Topographical survey model. This exercise demonstrates that approximately 477,195m³ of cut is required and 543,575m³ of fill is required to reshape the site into the formation model.
- 1.12 The net requirement of fill (66,379m³) will be generated onsite from foundation, drainage, and services arisings. Small level adjustments can be carried out throughout the development process to ensure that an 'effective' cut and fill balance is achieved.
- 1.13 The results of this exercise are presented in drawing format in Appendix B. Areas coloured red indicate areas of cut and areas coloured green represent filled areas.

CONCLUSION

1.14 The volumetric assessment carried out onsite has demonstrated that the proposed redevelopment of this site can be undertaken without the need for any import and export of material. Careful consideration given to site design and the development phasing has ensured that the site minimises movement of material and ensures that the only material to be brought onto or taken offsite will be the construction materials required for the building structure and the external paved areas. This provides for the most sustainable and carbon friendly type of design.

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